# The theorem ref package

Emil Jeřábek\*

2013/05/22

### 1 Introduction

So, you are writting up your math paper or thesis. There is the all-important Lemma 3.14 referenced from a dozen places throughout the paper, but you have just realized that its proof requires another lemma which should go before Lemma 3.14, hence all the references to Lemma 3.14 have to shift to Lemma 3.15. Now that's quite simple to do: you just insert the new lemma, and  $IAT_EX$  relabels the references for you behind the scenes. Good.

Then you decide that Lemma 3.15 is, in fact, so important that you better call it a Theorem rather than just a Lemma, hence all the references to Lemma 3.15 should change to Theorem 3.15. Now that's quite simple to do: you just replace the name of the theorem environment of 3.15, and LATEX relabels the references for you behind the scenes... uhhh, except that it does not, actually. You have to go through the paper and manually change every occurrence of Lemma~\ref{main} to Theorem~\ref{main}. Your editor software may help with automatic text replacement, but that's no good by itself, you unfortunately still have to watch out for cases like Lemmas \ref{baz-quux} and~\ref{main}. Needless to say, the whole business is rather error-prone, and very annoying, especially if you later decide that 3.15 is, after all, a Lemma, with the prospect of changing all those references back again.

The theoremref package is designed to fill this gap in the LATEX automatic reference system. It provides variants of the \label and \ref commands which automatically supply the correct theorem environment name into a reference, thus avoiding all the hassle described above.

## 2 Basic usage

(1) Put \usepackage{theoremref} anywhere in the document preamble.

<sup>\*</sup>jerabek@math.spam.cz (replace spam with cas)

(2) For each theorem which you intend to use in the new system, declare its label by  $\thlabel{(foobar)}$ . For example,

```
\begin{Lem}\thlabel{exact}
  Every projective formula is exact.
\end{Lem}
```

(3) There are three commands available for producing references to your theorems:  $\ref{\langle foo \rangle}$  gives the number, as usual;  $\thref{\langle foo \rangle}$  gives the theorem name followed by number; and  $\thrameref{\langle foo \rangle}$  gives just the theorem name. Example:

The **\thref** command can handle an arbitrary number of arguments, separated by commas:

```
\label{eq:linear} $$ $$ 1.5 and Theorem 6.6.4 $$
```

# 3 Options

- \usepackage[lowercase] {theoremref} will set your theorem references in lowercase, e.g., "lemma 5.7.7". Note that there is no provision for capitalization at the beginning of a sentence.
- \usepackage[reftex]{theoremref} provides an alternative interface to the main commands: you can say \th\label{\foo}} and \th\ref{\foo}} instead of \thlabel{\foo}} and \thref{\foo}}. The effect is that the labelling and referencing commands are correctly recognized as such by the Emacs reftex package (and, presumably, other similar editing tools).

## 4 Caveats

- The \thlabel command reuses the slot for page number in the .aux file. This should do no harm, as the latter is generally useless, I've never seen anybody refer to a numbered theorem by its page number. But to be on the safe side, here's an explicit warning: if you declare (foo) by \thlabel{(foo)}, you cannot use \pageref{(foo)} to get its page number (it will actually give the theorem name). If you absolutely need both, you can declare two labels for the same theorem: \label{(foo-page)}\thlabel{(foo-name)}.
- If  $\thref{\langle bar \rangle}$  gives you a cryptic result like "12 3.15" instead of the theorem name, you probably forgot to use  $\thlabel$  instead of  $\label$  (see the previous point for explanation). Note that after you switch from one to the other, you may need to T<sub>E</sub>X the file twice in order for the change to propagate to the .aux file and back.

- The new referencing commands only work for theorem environments declared using the **\newtheorem** command. You *cannot* use them for e.g. tables, figures, equations, sections, and other environments.
- The implementation depends on some internals of the theorem typesetting macros. It is compatible with the **theorem** and **amsthm** packages, as well as the default theorem system in base  $LAT_EX$ . It may fail for other theorem-like packages.

The package is compatible with hyperref, but not with other packages that change the syntax of \newlabel commands written to the .aux file.

#### 5 History

- 2008-05-13: Initial public release.
- 2013-05-22: Added support for hyperref.

#### 6 License

The theoremref package is dually licensed under GPL or LPPL at your option:

Copyright © 2008, 2013 Emil Jeřábek

This package may be distributed and/or modified under the conditions of the LATEX Project Public License, either version 1.3 of this license or (at your option) any later version. The latest version of this license is in http://www.latex-project.org/lppl.txt and version 1.3 or later is part of all distributions of LATEX version 2003/12/01 or later.

This package is free software; you can redistribute it and/or modify it under the terms of the GNU General Public License as published by the Free Software Foundation; either version 2 of the License, or (at your option) any later version.

This package is distributed in the hope that it will be useful, but WITHOUT ANY WARRANTY; without even the implied warranty of MERCHANTABILITY or FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. See the GNU General Public License for more details.

You should have received a copy of the GNU General Public License along with this program; if not, write to the Free Software Foundation, Inc., 51 Franklin Street, Fifth Floor, Boston, MA 02110-1301 USA